Tusculum College Federal Perkins Loan Program: Loan Entrance Interview

lame Social Security No		Driver's License # and State			
Permanent Street Address		City		State	Zip
Phone:	Alternate Phone:		Date of birth	:	
School: Tusculum College – Greeneville TN, USA Email:		Col	lege Major:		
Borrower's Spouse (If applicable)					
Name	Phone:		Employer:		
	ne if no surviving parents or ward of the court))				
lame			Employer:		
	I note.				Zip
		City		State	ZIP
Borrower's reference #1 Do not enter the Parent or Next of Kin listed abou	re as either of your references. The two references cannot reside at the	e same Addresses and also must hav	e a different Address fro	m the Parent	you listed above.
lame	-			-	<u> </u>
		Citv		State	Zip
Borrower's reference #2					
	re as either of your references. The two references cannot reside at the	e same Addresses and also must hav	e a different Address fro	m the Parent	you listed above.
lame	Phone:		Employer: _		
Permanent Street Address		City		State	Zip
its billing service): a. if I withdraw fr changes, d. if I transfer to another s status, g. if my Social Security Num if my driver's license number change. An Exit Interview is required when I school. I must arrange for an interviadministrative hold being placed on My first payment will be due ten (10 My minimum payment will be \$40 pris 10 years. The interest rate will be 5 percent praccrue nine months after I cease to due the following month. I may be eligible to receive a partial Promissory Note). I am required to i a timely manner. I may request that payments on my Note. I must inform the school (or its	☐ If my loan goes into of be sent to an outside responsible for all coto to make an installme repayment agreemer you default you may☐ I will promptly answe☐ I may prepay the ent☐ I realize that aggregate professional student undergraduate and \$ the financial aid direct☐ I authorize the school student status, year of school, or my current to the school s	 If I fail to repay my loan as agreed, the total balance may become due and payable immediately If my loan goes into default, I will no longer be eligible to receive further financial aid. My loan combot be sent to an outside collection agency and legal action could be taken against me. I will be responsible for all costs of collections as stipulated in my Promissory Note. (Default is when you to make an installment when due or to comply with other terms of your promissory note or writter repayment agreement.) A defaulted loan may be assigned to the U.S. Government for collection you default you may lose your benefits for deferment and cancellation. I will promptly answer any communication from the school regarding my loan. I may prepay the entire balance, or any portion thereof, at any time without penalty. 			
	ct the school's student loan office (or its billing service) to make fees or penalty charges for each month I fail to make an	•	ol (or its billing service) ay consolidate my Fed	•	on to file a lawsuit against me in this ca
	I have received a copy of my entrance intervi	ew and understand the inform	ation on this form		
Student Signatur	e Date	Counselor Signatu	ıre		Date

Additional Loan information

A Federal Perkins Loan is a low-interest (5%) loan for both undergraduate and graduate students with exceptional financial need. Your school is your lender. The loan is made with government funds with a share contributed by the school. You must repay this loan to your school, or to the billing service engaged by your school as its agent to administer billing and collection functions.

- This loan may be used only for educational expenses.
- Interest on the loan does not accrue while you are in school, during your grace period, or during authorized periods of deferment.
- The interest rate is fixed at 5 percent.

Under the Perkins loan program, the school makes the loan to the student borrower

- You can be enrolled less than half time to qualify, at the discretion of the institution.
- Repayment begins nine months after you are no longer enrolled on at least a half-time basis.

United States Code.

It is important to remember that loans must be repaid; even if you do not complete your education, are not employed upon completion of your studies, or feel that the education you received did not meet your expectations.

Maximum Perkins Annual Loan Amounts: Aggregate Loan Limits for Federal Perkins Loans (cumulative total for all schooling)

Graduate \$6,000 Undergraduate \$4,000 Graduate \$40.000 Undergraduate \$20,000

To be eligible for federal financial aid, you must maintain satisfactory academic progress toward a certificate or degree. Each school must publish a standard for evaluating satisfactory academic progress that must contain a maximum time frame for program completion and a minimum quality standard, such as grade point average. Please obtain and review a current copy of your school's standards.

The law specifies the amount of financial assistance you earn each academic year and how your school determines your eligibility. If you withdraw during a payment period or period of enrollment, the amount of assistance that you have earned up to that point is determined by a specific formula. If you received less assistance than the amount that you earned, you will be able to receive those additional funds. If you received more assistance than you earned, the excess funds must be returned. The order in which unearned federal funds must be returned to the Title IV programs is: Unsubsidized Stafford Loans, Subsidized Stafford Loans, Unsubsidized Direct Stafford Loans, Subsidized Direct Stafford Loans, Subsid Perkins Loans, PLUS Loans, Direct PLUS Loans, Pell Grants, SEOG Program, and other Title IV grant and loan assistance programs. Please contact your school for more information about their published refund policy.

Several things occur after you leave school or drop below half-time attendance. First, you are granted a grace period--a period of time (nine months) when you don't have to make payments. (Of course, you can repay your loans any time you want, without penalty.) During the grace period, no interest accrues on your loan.

What if you re-enroll in school? It depends on when you do it. If you re-enroll at least half-time during this grace period--and you file for deferment--you get another nine-month grace period the next time you drop below half-time. If you re-enroll after the grace period, however, your next grace period will only be six months.

If you have a loan in grace and are ordered to active duty, you are eligible to have one or more military extensions of the grace period, for up to three years. This includes the time necessary to resume enrollment at the next available enrollment period. If you are called to active duty during the initial grace period, a new nine-month initial grace period can be granted upon completion of the excluded period.

When the time comes to begin loan repayment the Federal Perkins Loan usually is set at a minimum monthly payment of \$40. The payment amount may be higher depending on your loan balance. The maximum repayment period is 10 years.

You may be eligible to request a partial cancellation of your Federal Perkins Loan if you work or perform a service as one of the following:

- Teacher in a public or other nonprofit elementary or secondary school. The teaching must be in a school serving low-income students, or in a field of expertise, including mathematics, science, foreign languages, bilingual education, or any other field of expertise where the State education agency determines that there is a shortage of qualified teachers.
- Teacher in special education for infants, toddlers, children or youth with disabilities, in a public or other nonprofit elementary or secondary school system.
- Nurse, medical technician, or allied health professions.

- Full-time employee in a public or private nonprofit child or family service agency who is providing, or supervising the provision of, services to high risk children who are from low-income communities and the families of these children.
- Full-time qualified professional provider of early intervention services in a public or other nonprofit program under public supervision by the lead agency as authorized in section 632(5) of the individual with Disabilities Act.
- Law enforcement or corrections officer.
- Full-time staff member in a Head Start program.

If you serve as an enlisted person in certain specialties of the U.S. Army, the Army Reserves, the Army National Guard, or the Air National Guard, the U.S. Department of Defense may, as an enlistment incentive, repay a portion of your Federal Perkins Loan. Note that this is not a cancellation. If you think you qualify, contact your recruiting officer, AmeriCorps service may provide education awards to help finance college or help pay back student loans. Contact AmeriCorps at (800) 942-2677 or www.americorps.org for more information.

If you become totally and permanently disabled, or if you die, your loan obligation will be cancelled. Loan cancellation due to disability requires certification from a physician and is subject to a conditional period of three years.

If you are experiencing financial difficulty you should contact your school or its billing service immediately for assistance in handling your student loan payments. A deferment is a period of time during which your lender temporarily suspends your regular payments. If your loans were made on or after July 1, 1993, you may be eligible for the following deferments:

At least 1/2 enrollment at an eligible school

Graduate fellowship program

Rehabilitation training program

Military service

- Economic hardship
- Service eligible for partial loan cancellation (outlined in the previous topic)

Interest is not charged during deferment periods. Your school must determine your eligibility for any of these deferments. In order to receive a deferment, you must request a deferment form from your school or its billing service, complete the form with all required documentation, and return it promptly to your school or its billing service.

Forbearance is a period of time during which your school temporarily reduces or suspends your regular payments. You may request a forbearance if you are willing but unable to make your full payments. You are responsible for the interest that accrues during the forbearance period. You must contact your school or its billing service to apply for forbearance.

Notify your school immediately if you have difficulty making a payment. Failure to pay all or part of an installment payment when due or to make alternative arrangements with your school (or its billing service) may result in late charges. You must start paying back your loan nine months after you are no longer enrolled in school at least half time. Failure to do so will put you in default. Defaulting on your student loan can result in:

- damage to your credit rating, which could impact your ability to borrow (for example, you may be denied a car loan);
- referral of your account to a collection agency;
- collection costs:

their federal loans.

- garnishment of your wages;
- withholding of your state or federal Treasury payments (including federal tax refunds, Social Security benefits, etc.);
- civil lawsuit, including court costs and legal expenses;

loss of deferment and forbearance entitlements and flexible repayment options;

Unemployment

A member of the Armed Forces in an area of hostilities that

qualifies for special pay under section 310 of Title 37 of the

Service Act of 1973 (ACTION programs).

Volunteer under the Peace Corps Act or the Domestic Volunteer

- loss of eligibility for further financial aid; and
- suspension of your professional license.

If you default, you may be eliqible for the loan rehabilitation program. Once a loan is rehabilitated, the school will instruct the credit bureau to remove the default from your history and return your account to regular repayment status. You will also regain the balance of benefits and privileges of the promissory note as applied prior to the default. Rehabilitation can only be granted once per loan. For Help with a Dispute or Problem: The Federal Student Aid (FSA) Ombudsman works with student loan borrowers to resolve loan disputes and problems informally. The goal is to find creative alternatives for borrowers who need help with

If during your repayment you develop student loan problems that can't be resolved through the school or its billing service, you may want to contact the US Department of Education Federal Student Aid (FSA) Ombudsman. They will collect documentation and work to resolve the situation with you. The Office of the Ombudsman can be contacted at: United States Department of Education, 4th Floor UCP-3/MS 5144 . 830 First Street NE . Washington DC 20202. The Phone number is (877) 557-2575 or web sfahelp.ed.gov OR www.ombudsman.ed.gov